



Chichester District
Council
Audit results report
Year ended 31 March 2020

November 2020



EY

Building a better
working world



6 November 2020

Dear Corporate Governance and Audit Committee Members

We are pleased to attach our audit results report for the forthcoming meeting of the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee. This report summarises our preliminary audit conclusion in relation to the audit of Chichester District Council for 2019/20.

We have substantially completed our audit of Chichester District Council (the Authority) for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Subject to concluding the outstanding matters listed in our report, we confirm that we expect to issue an unqualified audit opinion on the financial statements in the form at section 3, before the accounts publication date of 30 November 2020. We also have no matters to report on your arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in your use of resources

This report is intended solely for the use of the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee, other members of the Authority, and senior management. It should not be used for any other purpose or given to any other party without obtaining our written consent.

We would like to thank your staff for their help during the engagement.

We welcome the opportunity to discuss the contents of this report with you at the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee meeting on 26 November 2020.

Yours faithfully

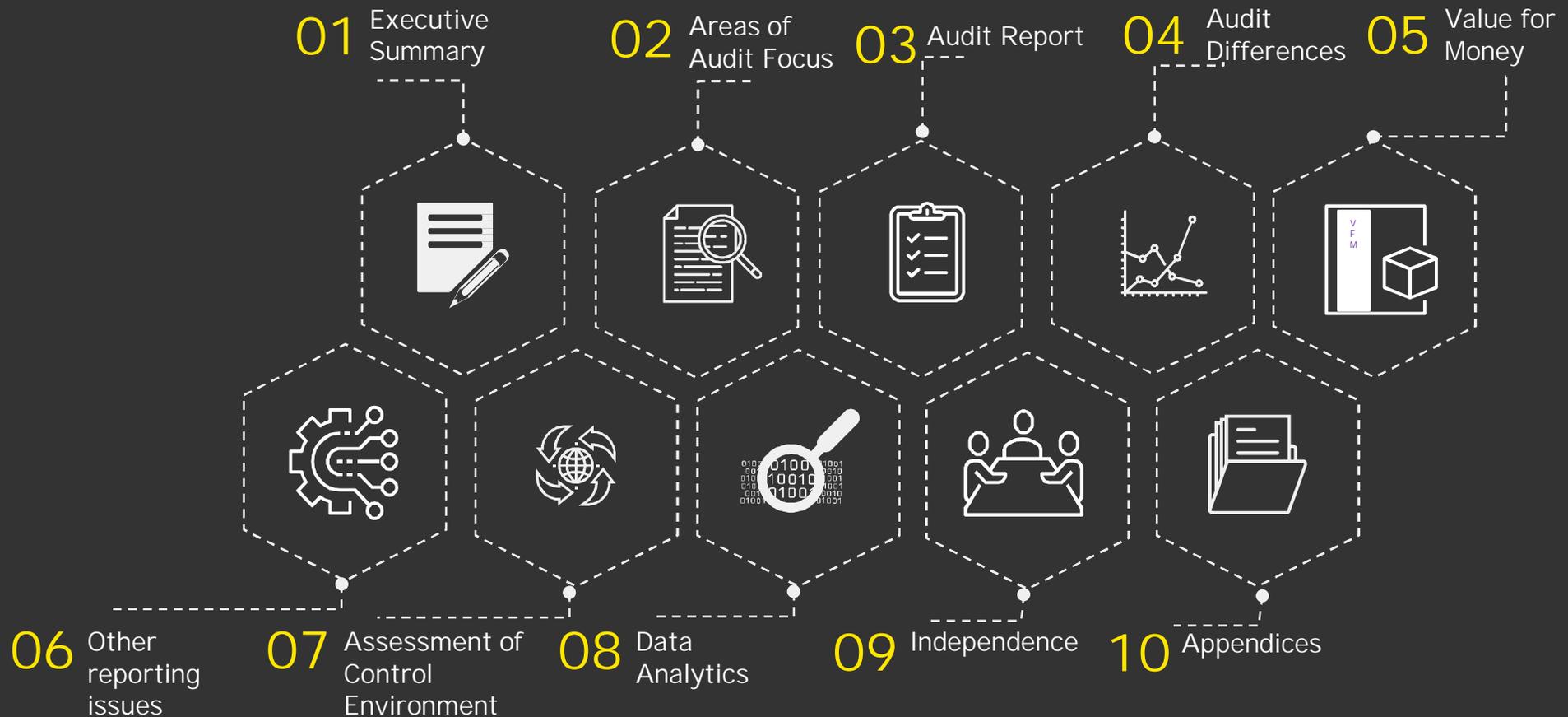
Kevin Suter

Associate Partner

For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP

Encl

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Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) have issued a 'Statement of responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies'. It is available from the Chief Executive of each audited body and via the PSAA website (www.psa.co.uk).

This Statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between appointed auditors and audited bodies. It summarises where the different responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies begin and end, and what is to be expected of the audited body in certain areas.

The 'Terms of Appointment (updated April 2018)' issued by PSAA sets out additional requirements that auditors must comply with, over and above those set out in the National Audit Office Code of Audit Practice (the Code) and statute, and covers matters of practice and procedure which are of a recurring nature.

This Audit Results Report is prepared in the context of the Statement of responsibilities. It is addressed to the Members of the audited body, and is prepared for their sole use. We, as appointed auditor, take no responsibility to any third party.

Our Complaints Procedure – If at any time you would like to discuss with us how our service to you could be improved, or if you are dissatisfied with the service you are receiving, you may take the issue up with your usual partner or director contact. If you prefer an alternative route, please contact Steve Varley, our Managing Partner, 1 More London Place, London SE1 2AF. We undertake to look into any complaint carefully and promptly and to do all we can to explain the position to you. Should you remain dissatisfied with any aspect of our service, you may of course take matters up with our professional institute. We can provide further information on how you may contact our professional institute.



01 Executive Summary

Executive Summary

Scope update

In our audit planning report presented at the 2 July Corporate Governance and Audit Committee meeting, we provided you with an overview of our audit scope and approach for the audit of the financial statements. We carried out our audit in accordance with this plan, with the following exceptions:

Changes to reporting timescales

As a result of COVID-19, new regulations, the Accounts and Audit (Coronavirus) (Amendment) Regulations 2020 No. 404, have been published and came into force on 30 April 2020. This announced a change to publication date for final, audited accounts from 31 July to 30 November 2020 for all relevant authorities.

Changes to our risk assessment as a result of Covid-19

In our Audit Planning Report update issued in July we set out the following changes to our risk assessment as a result of Covid-19:

- Valuation of Investment Properties and Property Plant and Equipment (PPE) - The Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors (RICS), the body setting the standards for property valuations, has issued guidance to valuers highlighting that the uncertain impact of Covid-19 on markets might cause a valuer to conclude that there is a material uncertainty. Caveats around this material uncertainty have been included in the year-end valuation reports produced by the Authority's internal valuer. We consider that the material uncertainties disclosed by the valuer gave rise to an additional risk relating to disclosures on the valuation of investment properties and property, plant and equipment.
- Disclosures on Going Concern – Financial plans for 2020/21 and medium term financial plans will need revision for Covid-19. We considered the unpredictability of the current environment gave rise to a risk that the Local Authority would not appropriately disclose the key factors relating to going concern, underpinned by managements assessment with particular reference to Covid-19 and the Local Authority's actual year end financial position and performance.
- Adoption of IFRS16 – The adoption of IFRS 16 by CIPFA/LASAAC as the basis for preparation of Local Authority Financial Statements has been deferred until 1 April 2021. The Authority will therefore no longer be required to undertake an impact assessment, and disclosure of the impact of the standard in the financial statements does not now need to be financially quantified in 2019/20. We therefore no longer consider this to be an area of audit focus for 2019/20.

Changes in materiality: In our Audit Committee Planning Report, we communicated that our audit procedures would be performed using a materiality of £1.547m, with performance materiality, at 75 % of overall materiality, of £1.16m, and a threshold for reporting misstatements of £0.077m. We have considered whether any change to our materiality is required in light of Covid-19. Following this consideration we remain satisfied that the basis for planning materiality, performance materiality and our audit threshold for reporting differences reported to you in our Audit Planning Report remain appropriate.

We updated our planning materiality assessment using the draft financial statements and have also reconsidered our risk assessment. Based on our materiality measure of gross revenue expenditure we have updated our overall materiality assessment to £1.536m (Audit Planning Report – £1.547m). This results in updated performance materiality, at 75% of overall materiality, of £1.15m. The threshold for reporting misstatements remained unchanged at of £.077m.

Executive Summary

Scope update

Information Produced by the Entity (IPE): We identified an increased risk around the completeness, accuracy, and appropriateness of information produced by the entity due to the inability of the audit team to verify original documents or re-run reports on-site from the Authority's systems. We undertook the following to address this risk:

- Used the screen sharing function of Microsoft Teams to evidence re-running of reports used to generate the IPE we audited; and
- Agree IPE to scanned documents or other system screenshots.

Additional EY consultation requirements concerning the impact on auditor reports because of Covid-19: The changes to audit risks, audit approach and auditor reporting requirements changed the level of work we needed to perform. We have set out the impact on our audit fee on page 35.

Status of the audit

We have substantially completed our audit of Chichester District Council's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 and have performed the procedures outlined in our Audit planning report. Subject to satisfactory completion of the following outstanding items we expect to issue an unqualified opinion on the Council's financial statements in the form which appears at Section 4. However until work is complete, further amendments may arise:

- Review of the final version of the financial statements
- Completion of subsequent events review
- Receipt of the signed management representation letter
- Completion of procedures required by the National Audit Office (NAO) regarding the Whole of Government Accounts submission

We hope to issue the audit certificate at the same time as the audit opinion. However, this depends on the NAO releasing the instructions for the work on Whole of Government Accounts.

We have considered whether our audit opinion will need to emphasise the impact of Covid-19 on property valuations and the going concern assumption. However, the updated disclosures by management sufficiently describe the material events and conditions in relation to the impact of Covid-19 and we do not deem these disclosures fundamental to the users understanding of the accounts:

PPE valuation – The Council has disclosed its consideration of the impact of COVID-19 on the valuation of its property, plant and equipment and investment properties and the material uncertainty referred to in the valuers report, having regard to the specific composition of land and building assets and investment properties carried on its balance sheet. Valuations were carried out prior to the balance sheet date and the impact of Covid-19 and due to the impact of Covid-19 on the market at year-end the internal valuers have indicated that less certainty can be attached to these valuations.

Going concern – The current and future uncertainty over government funding and loss of income as a result of Covid-19 increases the need for the Council to revisit its financial planning and undertake a detailed assessment to support its going concern assertion. From an audit perspective, the auditor's report going concern concept is a 12-month outlook from the audit opinion date, rather than the balance sheet date. We agree that the Council's accounts should be prepared on the going concern basis. However, we have recommended and management have agreed to enhance the disclosures to reflect these events and conditions which impacts on financial planning and the going concern assumption.

We are now satisfied with the revised disclosure and that it adequately and sufficiently discloses material events and conditions in relation to the going concern assumption of the Council.



Executive Summary

Audit differences

At the time of writing there were no unadjusted audit differences in the draft financial statements.

We have identified audit differences with an aggregated impact of £1,271k which have been adjusted by management. Details can be found in Section 4 Audit Differences.

Areas of audit focus

Our Audit Planning Report identified key areas of focus for our audit of Chichester District Council's financial statements. This report sets out our observations and conclusions, including our views on areas which might be conservative, and where there is potential risk and exposure. We summarise our consideration of these matters, and any others identified, in the "Areas of Audit Focus" section of this report.

We ask you to review these and any other matters in this report to ensure:

- There are no other considerations or matters that could have an impact on these issues
- You agree with the resolution of the issue
- There are no other significant issues to be considered.

There are no matters, apart from those reported by management or disclosed in this report, which we believe should be brought to the attention of the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee.

Control observations

We have not identified any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of an internal control that might result in a material misstatement in your financial statements and which is unknown to you.

Executive Summary

Value for money

We have considered your arrangements to take informed decisions; deploy resources in a sustainable manner; and work with partners and other third parties. In our Audit Planning Report we identified no significant risks for our value for money conclusion.

We have no matters to report about your arrangements to secure economy efficiency and effectiveness in your use of resources. Details can be found in Section 5 Value for Money.

Other reporting issues

We have reviewed the information presented in the Annual Governance Statement for consistency with our knowledge of the Council. We have no matters to report as a result of this work.

We have not yet performed the procedures required by the National Audit Office (NAO) on the Whole of Government Accounts submission. However as the Council is below the testing threshold set by the NAO we do not expect to have any issues to report.

We have no other matters to report.

Independence

We have no matters to highlight on Independence.



02 Areas of Audit Focus

Significant risk

Inappropriate capitalisation of revenue expenditure

What is the risk?

Under ISA 240 there is a presumed risk that revenue may be misstated due to improper revenue recognition. In the public sector, this requirement is modified by Practice Note 10 issued by the Financial Reporting Council, which states that auditors should also consider the risk that material misstatements may occur by the manipulation of expenditure recognition.

We have identified an opportunity and incentive to capitalise expenditure under the accounting framework, to remove it from the general fund. This would result in funding expenditure that should properly be defined as revenue, through inappropriate sources such as capital receipts, capital grants, or borrowing. The manipulation of capitalising expenditure could occur through management override of controls.

What judgements are we focused on?

We focused on the following:

- Understanding the controls relevant to this significant risk;
- For significant additions and Revenue expenditure funded from capital under statute (REFCUS) we examined invoices, capital expenditure authorisations, leases and other data that support these additions and expenditure. We reviewed the sample selected against the definition of capital expenditure in IAS 16; and
- Whether management were inappropriately processing journals that transferred amounts from revenue to capital.

What did we do?

- Documented our understanding of the controls relevant to this significant risk and considered they have been appropriately designed;
- Amended our sample sizes when testing PPE additions and REFCUS to reflect the existence of this risk.
- Agreed samples to source documentation to ensure that any capital/revenue split was reasonable; and
- Designed journal procedures to identify and review adjustment manual journals that moved amounts from revenue codes to capital codes.

What are our conclusions?

Based on the work completed at the time of drafting this report:

- We have not identified any issues with the classification of capital expenditure and REFCUS.
- We have not identified any instances of inappropriate judgements being applied.





Areas of Audit Focus

Significant risk

Misstatements due to fraud or error

What is the risk?

The financial statements as a whole are not free of material misstatements whether caused by fraud or error. As identified in ISA (UK) 240, management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of its ability to manipulate accounting records directly or indirectly and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively.

We identify and respond to this fraud risk on every audit engagement.

What judgements are we focused on?

We focused on the following:

- Understanding the risks of fraud and the controls put in place to address those risks by management and how the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee oversees management's processes over fraud.
- Considering the effectiveness of management's controls designed to address the risk of fraud.
- Determining an appropriate strategy to address those identified risks of fraud.
- Performing mandatory procedures in respect of journal entries, estimates and significant unusual transactions.

What did we do?

- Wrote to the s151 officer, Chair of the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee and the Internal Audit and Corporate Investigations Manager in this regard and reviewed their responses;
- Documented our understanding of the controls relevant to this significant risk and considered they have been appropriately designed;
- Tested the appropriateness of journal entries recorded in the general ledger and other adjustments made in preparing the financial statements;
- Reviewed accounting estimates for evidence of management bias; and
- Evaluated the business rationale for any significant unusual transactions.

What are our conclusions?

Based on the work completed at the time of drafting this report:

- We have not identified any material weaknesses in controls or evidence of material management override.
- We have not identified any instances of inappropriate judgements being applied, or of any management bias.
- We did not identify any transactions during our audit which appeared unusual or outside the Council's normal course of business.
- We did not identify any inappropriate journal entries.





Areas of Audit Focus

Significant risk

Valuation of Investment Properties and PPE

What is the risk?

The fair value of Investment Properties and PPE represents a significant balance in the Council's accounts and are subject to valuation changes, impairment reviews and market fluctuations. Management is required to make material judgements and apply estimation techniques to calculate the year-end balances recorded in the balance sheet.

Update – Covid-19 related constraints on property valuation

The Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors (RICS), the body setting the standards for property valuations, has issued guidance to valuers highlighting that the uncertain impact of Covid-19 on markets might cause a valuer to conclude that there is a material uncertainty. This impact is expected to affect Investment Properties and PPE valued at Existing Use Value (EUUV) as the valuation basis for these properties are linked to recent market transactions. Caveats around this material uncertainty have been included in the year-end valuation reports produced by the Council's internal valuer.

What judgements are we focused on?

We focused on the following:

- The adequacy of the scope of the work performed by the valuer including their professional capabilities; and
- The reasonableness of the underlying assumptions used by the Council's internal valuer.

What did we do?

- For PPE, considered the annual cycle of valuations to ensure that assets have been valued within a 5 year rolling programme as required by the Code for PPE;
- For PPE, reviewed assets not subject to valuation in 2019/20 to confirm that the remaining asset base was not materially misstated;
- Sample tested key asset information used by the valuers in performing their valuation;
- We also considered if there are any specific changes to assets that have occurred and that these have been communicated to the valuer; and
- Tested accounting entries have been correctly processed in the financial statements.

Additional Covid-19 procedures in response to our risk include:

- For PPE, considered the Council's asset base by type of asset and valuation methodology, as impacts are likely to be more significant for assets valued on the basis of data from market transactions;
- Ensured the appropriate disclosure has been made in the accounts concerning the material uncertainty; and
- Obtained input from EY Real Estates (EYRE), our internal specialists on asset valuations for Investment Properties and PPE, including inputs on market sentiment and how it has been reflected in the Estimated Rental Values (ERVs)/yields for Investment Properties and EUUV calculations for PPE.



Areas of Audit Focus

Significant risk

Valuation of Investment Properties and PPE (cont.)

What is the risk?

The fair value of Investment Properties and PPE represents a significant balance in the Council's accounts and are subject to valuation changes, impairment reviews and market fluctuations. Management is required to make material judgements and apply estimation techniques to calculate the year-end balances recorded in the balance sheet.

Update – Covid-19 related constraints on property valuation

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What are our conclusions?

- We have reviewed the instructions and data provided to the valuer by the Council. We identified no issues.
- We have reviewed the classification and valuation methods used. We identified no issues.
- For PPE, we considered the annual cycle of valuations and confirmed that assets have been valued within a 5 year rolling programme as required by the Code .
- For PPE, we reviewed assets not subject to valuation in 2019/20 and confirmed that the remaining asset base was not materially misstated.
- We reviewed the scope and relationship of the valuer to the Council and identified no issues.
- We were satisfied that disclosures in the accounts were appropriate concerning the material uncertainty.
- We reviewed inputs obtained from EYRE, our internal specialists on asset valuations for Investment Properties and PPE which confirmed that the assumptions used, including those related to ERVs/yields were appropriate for Investment Properties and EUUV calculations for PPE
- Our review of accounting entries at period end and those journals made in processing valuation adjustments did not identify any issues.



Areas of Audit Focus

Other financial statement risk

Pension Liability valuation

What is the risk?

The Local Authority Accounting Code of Practice and IAS19 require the Council to make extensive disclosures within its financial statements regarding its membership of the Local Government Pension Scheme administered by West Sussex County Council.

The Council's pension fund surplus is a material estimated balance and the Code requires that this liability be disclosed on the Council's balance sheet. At 31 March 2020 the net pension asset totalled £20.876m.

The information disclosed is based on the IAS 19 report issued to the Council by the actuary to the County Council.

Accounting for this scheme involves significant estimation and judgement and therefore management engages an actuary to undertake the calculations on their behalf. ISAs (UK and Ireland) 500 and 540 require us to undertake procedures on the use of management experts and the assumptions underlying fair value estimates.

What judgements are we focused on?

We focused on the following:

- The reasonableness of the underlying assumptions used by the Authority's expert – Hymans Robertson;
- Ensuring the information supplied to the actuary in relation to Chichester District Council was complete and accurate; and
- Ensuring the accounting entries and disclosures made in the financial statements were consistent with the report from Hymans Robertson.

What did we do?

- Liaised with the auditors of West Sussex Pension Fund, to obtain assurances over the information supplied to the actuary in relation to Chichester District Council;
- Assessed the work of the Pension Fund actuary (Hymans Robertson) including the assumptions they have used by relying on the work of PWC - Consulting Actuaries commissioned by the National Audit Office for all Local Government sector auditors, and considered relevant reviews by the EY actuarial team; and
- Reviewed and tested the accounting entries and disclosures made within the Council's financial statements in relation to IAS19.

What are our conclusions?

We obtained assurances from the auditors of West Sussex County Council Pension Fund that the information supplied to the actuary in relation to Chichester District Council was accurate and complete.

We have assessed and are satisfied with the competency and objectivity of the Council's actuaries: Hymans Robertson.

We have reviewed the work of the actuaries. We challenged the actuarial valuation and found no indication of management bias in this estimate.

Our review of accounting entries at period end and those journals made in processing valuation adjustments did not reveal any instances of management intention to misreport the financial position.

We identified an adjusting event after reporting date relating to the McCloud judgement, the effect of which increased the net pension asset by £251k. The Council contacted the actuary for an updated IAS 19 report and amended the accounts by processing the resulting adjustment initially through net cost of services (past service costs). However, the adjustment should have gone through Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) which management subsequently processed. The new IAS 19 report also took into account the updated fair value of plan assets resulting in an increase in the net pension asset of £561k.



Areas of Audit Focus

Other financial statement risk

Going concern

What is the risk?

The Council prepares its accounts on the assumption that it will continue as a going concern. The current and future uncertainty over government funding and loss of income as a result of Covid-19 increases the need for the Council to revisit its financial planning and undertake a detailed assessment to support its going concern assertion. From an audit perspective, the auditor's report going concern concept is a 12-month outlook from the audit opinion date, rather than the balance sheet date. So, for the 2019/20 statements, for example, we will need to see evidence of an assessment up to and including November 2021. This will need information relevant to the 2021/22 financial year.

What judgements are we focused on?

We focused on management's assessment of the going concern assumption in preparing the Council's financial statements. We also reviewed management's cash flow forecasts to determine whether expected forecasting appeared reasonable and whether it was sufficient to enable the Council to continue its operations.

We also discussed with management further disclosures required in the 2019/20 statements on going concern and in particular, material events and uncertainties

What did we do?

- We reviewed the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee's assessment of the appropriateness of the going concern assumption;
- We reviewed and challenged the level and form of disclosure of this assessment made in the financial statements, given the Covid-19 pandemic; and
- Reviewed the Council's cash flow forecasts and financial plans for the foreseeable future to ensure that these are sufficiently robust and supported by adequate evidence, and that the cash flow forecasts demonstrate that the Council has sufficient liquidity to continue its operations.

What are our conclusions?

- Our review concluded management's continued use of the going concern assumption is appropriate;
- We reviewed the proposed going concern disclosures for inclusion in the financial statements and the Council's forecast cash flows;
- In our view no significant uncertainty exists that may cast doubt on the Council's ability to continue as a going concern, which would be required to be disclosed. The key issues we reflected on for our assessment relate to a combination of the Council's liquidity and its level of General Fund reserves. Management's assessment demonstrates that reserves should be maintained above the minimum level set by the s151 officer for the foreseeable future, and the Council will have access to sufficient working capital;
- We also considered announcements by central government in July to fund Council's for 75% of income losses (over and above the first 5% reduction) during the pandemic. Further guidance has since been provided to enable this to be modelled and management have considered the impact of this support on the level of General Fund reserves which improves the Council's cash flow projections and liquidity as presented for audit; and
- The Council has updated its disclosures in the accounts to reference these factors and we are now satisfied with the revised disclosure and that it adequately and sufficiently discloses material events and conditions in relation to the going concern assumption of the Council and that no material uncertainties exist.



Areas of Audit Focus

Other financial statement risk

NDR Appeals Valuation

What is the risk?

The Non Domestic Rates Appeals Provision is a material balance in the financial statements which requires a number of assumptions and judgements.

In addition, in previous years we have identified errors above our audit differences threshold.

What judgements are we focused on?

We focused on the following:

- The reasonableness of the assumptions to appeals made to the 2005 and 2010 ratings lists;
- The reasonableness of the assumptions made to any appeals lodged against the 2017 ratings list, and the Council's assumptions for appeals as yet unlogged.

What did we do?

- Reviewed the calculation of the provision for accuracy;
- Considered the work performed by the Council expert, Analyse Local and understood the assumptions used in their calculation;
- Ensured the Council has amended the provision appropriately for any Business Rate reliefs awarded; and
- Performed post year-end review of appeals settled to determine whether the revised rateable value and effective date of the appeal are in line with the provision

What are our conclusions?

We have reviewed the calculation of the provision and confirmed that the calculation was accurate.

We have confirmed that the provision considered unlogged appeals.

We reviewed the assumptions, methods and models used by management's specialist. We identified no issues.

Our post year-end review of appeals settled identified no issues.



Areas of Audit Focus



Other matters

Assessment of new Accounting Standards

- IFRS 16 Leases: Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, implementation date for IFRS 16 has been deferred to 1 April 2021. In your view the impact of the introduction of IFRS 16 and its amendments is not material as the Council is not party to significant operating leases as lessee. In our view, given the immaterial balance of operating leases as lessee in the accounts, it is unlikely that the future implementation of IFRS 16 will have a material impact on the single entity financial statements of the Council.
- Lessor arrangements remain unchanged under IFRS 16.



03 Audit Report



Draft Audit Report

Draft audit report

Our opinion on the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CHICHESTER DISTRICT COUNCIL

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Chichester District Council for the year ended 31 March 2020 under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014. The financial statements comprise the:

- Movement in Reserves Statement,
- Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement,
- Balance Sheet,
- Cash Flow Statement,
- The related notes 1 to 31, and
- Collection Fund Statement and the related notes 1 to 4.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2019/20.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of Chichester District Council as at 31 March 2020 and of its expenditure and income for the year then ended; and
- have been prepared properly in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2019/20.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report below. We are independent of the authority in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and the Comptroller and Auditor General's (C&AG) AGN01, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Director of Corporate Services' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Director of Corporate Services has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Authority's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Statement of Accounts for the year 2019/20, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Director of Corporate Services is responsible for the other information.



Draft Audit Report

Our opinion on the financial statements

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014

Arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, having regard to the guidance issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General (C&AG) in April 2020, we are satisfied that, in all significant respects, Chichester District Council put in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Matters on which we report by exception

We report to you if:

- in our opinion the annual governance statement is misleading or inconsistent with other information forthcoming from the audit or our knowledge of the Council;

- we issue a report in the public interest under section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014;
- we make written recommendations to the audited body under Section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014;
- we make an application to the court for a declaration that an item of account is contrary to law under Section 28 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014;
- we issue an advisory notice under Section 29 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014; or
- we make an application for judicial review under Section 31 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Responsibility of the Director of Corporate Services

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities set out on page 16, the Director of Corporate Services is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Accounts, which includes the financial statements, in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2019/20, and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

In preparing the financial statements, the Director of Corporate Services is responsible for assessing the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Authority either intends to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Authority is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources, to ensure proper stewardship and governance, and to review regularly the adequacy and effectiveness of these arrangements.



Draft Audit Report

Our opinion on the financial statements

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Scope of the review of arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources

We have undertaken our review in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice, having regard to the guidance on the specified criterion issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General (C&AG) in April 2020, as to whether the Council had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people. The Comptroller and Auditor General determined this criterion as that necessary for us to consider under the Code of Audit Practice in satisfying ourselves whether the Council put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2020.

We planned our work in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice. Based on our risk assessment, we undertook such work as we considered necessary to form a view on whether, in all significant respects, the Council had put in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

We are required under Section 20(1)(c) of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to satisfy ourselves that the Authority has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. The Code of Audit Practice issued by the National Audit Office (NAO) requires us to report to you our conclusion relating to proper arrangements.

We report if significant matters have come to our attention which prevent us from concluding that the Authority has put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. We are not required to consider, nor have we considered, whether all aspects of the Authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources are operating effectively.

Certificate

We certify that we have completed the audit of the accounts of Chichester District Council in accordance with the requirements of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and the Code of Audit Practice issued by the National Audit Office.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the members of Chichester District Council, as a body, in accordance with Part 5 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and for no other purpose, as set out in paragraph 43 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies published by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Council and the Council's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Kevin Suter (Key Audit Partner)
Ernst & Young LLP (Local Auditor)
Southampton
XX November 2020



04 Audit Differences





Audit Differences

In the normal course of any audit, we identify misstatements between amounts we believe should be recorded in the financial statements and the disclosures and amounts actually recorded. These differences are classified as “known” or “judgemental”. Known differences represent items that can be accurately quantified and relate to a definite set of facts or circumstances. Judgemental differences generally involve estimation and relate to facts or circumstances that are uncertain or open to interpretation.

Summary of adjusted differences

We highlight the following misstatements greater than £0.077m identified during the course of our audit which management have corrected:

- An misclassification of £263k between short term and long term creditors;
- An understatement of short term debtors of £196k relating to items on the debtors reconciliation which were not cleared at year-end;
- An understatement of the Net Pension Asset of £251k as a result of an adjusting event after reporting date relating to the McCloud judgement
- An understatement of the Net Pension Asset of £561k to take into account the updated fair value of plan assets resulting in an increase in the Net Pension Asset
- A correction to the 2018/19 comparator figures of £32,955k in relation to Note 25 Grant Income - Grants credited to services. The disclosure note was restated for 2018/19 to include the subsidy contribution the Council receives from the DWP towards its housing benefit expenditure; and
- Some minor misstatements in disclosures

We will also update the Committee if there are any further issues arising from our incomplete audit procedures. There were no uncorrected misstatements.

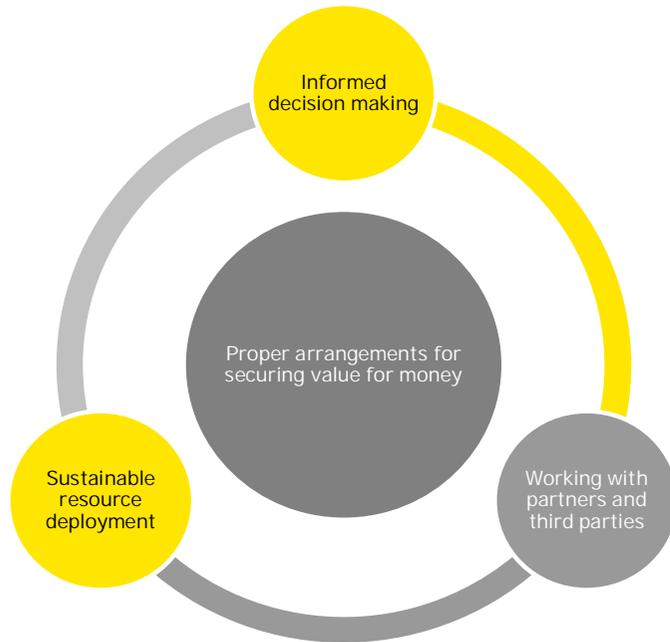


05

Value for Money



Value for Money



Background

We are required to consider whether the Council has put in place 'proper arrangements' to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness on its use of resources. This is known as our value for money conclusion.

For 2019/20 this is based on the overall evaluation criterion:

"In all significant respects, the audited body had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people"

Proper arrangements are defined by statutory guidance issued by the National Audit Office. They comprise your arrangements to:

- Take informed decisions;
- Deploy resources in a sustainable manner; and
- Work with partners and other third parties.

In considering your proper arrangements, we will draw on the requirements of the CIPFA/SOLACE framework for local government to ensure that our assessment is made against a framework that you are already required to have in place and to report on through documents such as your annual governance statement.

Impact of covid-19 on our Value for Money assessment

On 16 April 2020 the National Audit Office published an update to auditor guidance in relation to the 2019/20 Value for Money assessment in the light of covid-19. This clarified that in undertaking the 2019/20 Value for Money assessment auditors should consider Local Authorities' response to Covid-19 only as far as it relates to the 2019-20 financial year; only where clear evidence comes to the auditor's attention of a significant failure in arrangements as a result of Covid-19 during the financial year, would it be appropriate to recognise a significant risk in relation to the 2019-20 VFM arrangements conclusion.

Overall conclusion

We did not identify any significant risks around these criteria.

We therefore expect having no matters to report about your arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in your use of resources.



06 Other reporting issues

Other reporting issues

Consistency of other information published with the financial statements, including the Annual Governance Statement

We must give an opinion on the consistency of the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Statement of Accounts 2019/20 with the audited financial statements

We must also review the Annual Governance Statement for completeness of disclosures, consistency with other information from our work, and whether it complies with relevant guidance.

Financial information in the Annual Statement of Accounts 2019/20 and published with the financial statements was consistent with the audited financial statements.

We have reviewed the Annual Governance Statement and can confirm it is consistent with other information from our audit of the financial statements and we have no other matters to report.

Whole of Government Accounts

Alongside our work on the financial statements, we also review and report to the National Audit Office on your Whole of Government Accounts return. The extent of our review, and the nature of our report, is specified by the National Audit Office. These instructions are yet to be received.

We anticipate have no matters to report as the Council is below the £500m threshold for undertaking detailed audit procedures, which we expect to remain unchanged from the prior year.

Other reporting issues

Other powers and duties

We have a duty under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to consider whether to report on any matter that comes to our attention in the course of the audit, either for the Authority to consider it or to bring it to the attention of the public (i.e. “a report in the public interest”). We did not identify any issues which required us to issue a report in the public interest.

We also have a duty to make written recommendations to the Authority, copied to the Secretary of State, and take action in accordance with our responsibilities under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014. We did not identify any issues.

Other matters

As required by ISA (UK&I) 260 and other ISAs specifying communication requirements, we must tell you significant findings from the audit and other matters if they are significant to your oversight of the Council’s financial reporting process. They include the following:

- Significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures - *None*;
- Any significant difficulties encountered during the audit - *None*;
- Any significant matters arising from the audit that were discussed with management - *None*;
- Written representations we have requested - *None*;
- Expected modifications to the audit report - *None*;
- Any other matters significant to overseeing the financial reporting process - *None*;
- Reconciliations – *We identified differences in the debtors reconciliation which initially management were unable to explain. We were therefore not able to select of sample for debtors testing until such time that these differences were investigated*;
- Related parties - *None*;
- External confirmations - *None*; and
- Consideration of laws and regulations - *None*.



07

Assessment of Control Environment



Assessment of Control Environment

Financial controls

It is the responsibility of the Authority to develop and implement systems of internal financial control and to put in place proper arrangements to monitor their adequacy and effectiveness in practice. Our responsibility as your auditor is to consider whether the Council has put adequate arrangements in place to satisfy itself that the systems of internal financial control are both adequate and effective in practice.

As part of our audit of the financial statements, we obtained an understanding of internal control sufficient to plan our audit and determine the nature, timing and extent of testing performed. As we have adopted a fully substantive approach, we have therefore not tested the operation of controls. Although our audit was not designed to express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control we are required to communicate to you significant deficiencies in internal control.

We have not identified any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of an internal control that might result in a material misstatement in your financial statements of which you are not aware.



08 Data Analytics



Use of Data Analytics in the Audit

▶ Data analytics – Journal entries

Analytics Driven Audit

Data analytics

We used our data analysers to enable us to capture entire populations of your financial data. These analysers:

- Help identify specific exceptions and anomalies which can then be the focus of our substantive audit tests; and
- Give greater likelihood of identifying errors than traditional, random sampling techniques.

In 2019/20, our use of these analysers in the authority's audit included testing journal entries, to identify and focus our testing on those entries we deem to have the highest inherent risk to the audit.

We capture the data through our formal data requests and the data transfer takes place on a secured EY website. These are in line with our EY data protection policies which are designed to protect the confidentiality, integrity and availability of business and personal information.

Journal Entry Analysis

We obtain downloads of all financial ledger transactions posted in the year. We perform completeness analysis over the data, reconciling the sum of transactions to the movement in the trial balances and financial statements to ensure we have captured all data. Our analysers then review and sort transactions, allowing us to more effectively identify and test journals that we consider to be higher risk, as identified in our audit planning report.



09

Independence

Confirmation and analysis of Audit fees

We confirm there are no changes in our assessment of independence since our confirmation in our audit planning report dated 19 March 2020. We complied with the APB Ethical Standards. In our professional judgement the firm is independent and the objectivity of the audit engagement partner and audit staff has not been compromised within the meaning of regulatory and professional requirements.

We consider that our independence in this context is a matter that should be reviewed by both you and ourselves. It is therefore important that you and your Corporate Governance and Audit Committee consider the facts of which you are aware and come to a view. If you wish to discuss any matters concerning our independence, we will be pleased to do so at the forthcoming meeting of the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee on 26 November 2020.

Our fees below do not include the scale fee review which is currently underway with PSAA to agree whether the scale fees for Local Government need to be rebased to account for the increased audit and quality requirements as well as increased regulatory challenge on the depth and quality of assurance provided by audit suppliers. There is now greater pressure on firms to deliver higher quality audits by requiring auditors to demonstrate greater professional scepticism when carrying out their work. This has resulted in auditors needing to exercise greater challenge to the areas where management makes judgements or relies upon advisers, for example, in relation to estimates and related assumptions within the accounts. Discussions with PSAA remain ongoing.

	Final Fee 2019/20	Planned Fee 2019/20	Scale Fee 2019/20	Final Fee 2018/19
	£	£	£	£
Total Audit Fee – Code work	54,797*	37,799	37,799	38,708
Non-audit work – Grant claims	TBC**	23,570**	n/a	26,370
Total non-audit services	TBC	23,570	n/a	26,370
Total fees	TBC	61,369	37,799	65,078

Confirmation and analysis of Audit fees (continued)

* The final fee for our Code work will be confirmed upon completion of the audit. We will report the final fee in relation to the audit to the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee in our Annual Audit Letter. For 2019/20, the final fee has been impacted by a range of factors which has resulted in additional work. We set out an estimate of the potential additional fee for this below:

- The need to engage EY Real Estate to review a sample of valuations of investment properties and EUV assets, 11 assets in total, c.£11,000
- Review of additional disclosures that were required in relation to going concern, c.£2,500
- Additional resource brought in as a result of receiving the draft accounts for audit later than agreed, c.£1,998
- Additional work to audit the restatement of prior year figures in relation to the changes to the internal reporting structure which affected the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, the Expenditure and Funding Analysis and the related notes to the account. There was also a prior year restatement in relation to the subsidy contribution the Council receives from the DWP towards its housing benefit expenditure which was not disclosed under Grant Income – Grants credited to services, c.£1,500

** Our detailed work on Grant claims has not yet commenced but our planned fee includes £12,750 in relation to the level of extended testing we are expecting to undertake based on errors identified in the prior year. The HBAP process requires us to undertake extended testing in the current year based on cumulative knowledge and experience, referred to as CAKE testing

Independence



Relationships, services and related threats and safeguards



The FRC Ethical Standard requires that we provide details of all relationships between Ernst & Young (EY) and your Authority, and its directors and senior management and its affiliates, including all services provided by us and our network to your Authority, its directors and senior management and its affiliates, and other services provided to other known connected parties that we consider may reasonably be thought to bear on the our integrity or objectivity, including those that could compromise independence and the related safeguards that are in place and why they address the threats.

There are no relationships from 1 April 2019 to the date of this report, which we consider may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and objectivity.

Services provided by Ernst & Young

Below includes a summary of the fees that you have paid to us in the year ended 31 March 2020 in line with the disclosures set out in FRC Ethical Standard and in statute.

We confirm that none of the services listed in the table above has been provided on a contingent fee basis.

As at the date of this report, we are contracted to provide audit services for a further three years from 1 April 2020. In addition, the Authority has agreed to our proposal to provide the Housing Benefit Subsidy Assurance services for the same period.

Other communications

EY Transparency Report 2020

Ernst & Young (EY) has policies and procedures that instil professional values as part of firm culture and ensure that the highest standards of objectivity, independence and integrity are maintained.

Details of the key policies and processes in place within EY for maintaining objectivity and independence can be found in our annual Transparency Report which the firm is required to publish by law. The most recent version of this Report is for the year end 30 June 2020:

https://www.ey.com/en_uk/who-we-are/transparency-report-2020



10 Appendices

Appendix A

Required communications with the Audit Committee

There are certain communications that we must provide to the Audit Committees of UK clients. We have detailed these here together with a reference of when and where they were covered:

 Our Reporting to you		
Required communications	 What is reported?	  When and where
Terms of engagement	Confirmation by the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee of acceptance of terms of engagement as written in the engagement letter signed by both parties.	The statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between the PSAA's appointed auditors and audited bodies
Our responsibilities	Reminder of our responsibilities as set out in the engagement letter.	November 2020 Audit results report
Planning and audit approach	Communication of the planned scope and timing of the audit, any limitations and the significant risks identified.	November 2020 Audit results report
Significant findings from the audit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Our view about the significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures • Significant difficulties, if any, encountered during the audit • Significant matters, if any, arising from the audit that were discussed with management • Written representations that we are seeking • Expected modifications to the audit report • Other matters if any, significant to the oversight of the financial reporting process 	November 2020 Audit results report

Appendix A

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Going concern	<p>Events or conditions identified that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whether the events or conditions constitute a material uncertainty • Whether the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements • The adequacy of related disclosures in the financial statements 	November 2020 Audit results report
Misstatements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uncorrected misstatements and their effect on our audit opinion • The effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods • A request that any uncorrected misstatement be corrected • Material misstatements corrected by management 	November 2020 Audit results report
Subsequent events	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enquiry of the audit committee where appropriate regarding whether any subsequent events have occurred that might affect the financial statements. 	26 November 2020 To be confirmed with letter of representation at Corporate Governance and Audit Committee meeting
Fraud	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enquiries of the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee to determine whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the Authority • Any fraud that we have identified or information we have obtained that indicates that a fraud may exist • Unless all of those charged with governance are involved in managing the Authority, any identified or suspected fraud involving: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Management; b. Employees who have significant roles in internal control; or c. Others where the fraud results in a material misstatement in the financial statements. • The nature, timing and extent of audit procedures necessary to complete the audit when fraud involving management is suspected • Any other matters related to fraud, relevant to Corporate Governance and Audit Committee responsibility. 	<p>November 2020 Audit results report</p> <p>We have no matters to report</p>

Appendix A

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Related parties	<p>Significant matters arising during the audit in connection with the Authority's related parties including, when applicable:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-disclosure by management • Inappropriate authorisation and approval of transactions • Disagreement over disclosures • Non-compliance with laws and regulations • Difficulty in identifying the party that ultimately controls the Authority 	<p>November 2020 Audit results report</p> <p>We have no matters to report</p>
Independence	<p>Communication of all significant facts and matters that bear on EY's, and all individuals involved in the audit, objectivity and independence.</p> <p>Communication of key elements of the audit engagement partner's consideration of independence and objectivity such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The principal threats • Safeguards adopted and their effectiveness • An overall assessment of threats and safeguards • Information about the general policies and process within the firm to maintain objectivity and independence <p>Communications whenever significant judgments are made about threats to objectivity and independence and the appropriateness of safeguards put in place.</p>	<p>19 March 2020 Audit planning report</p> <p>November 2020 Audit results report</p>

Appendix A

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
External confirmations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Management's refusal for us to request confirmations Inability to obtain relevant and reliable audit evidence from other procedures. 	November 2020 Audit results report We have no matters to report
Consideration of laws and regulations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Subject to compliance with applicable regulations, matters involving identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, other than those which are clearly inconsequential and the implications thereof. Instances of suspected non-compliance may also include those that are brought to our attention that are expected to occur imminently or for which there is reason to believe that they may occur Enquiry of the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee into possible instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements and that the audit committee may be aware of 	November 2020 Audit results report We have no matters to report
Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit. 	November 2020 Audit results report We have no matters to report

Appendix A

		 Our Reporting to you
Required communications	 What is reported?	 When and where
Written representations we are requesting from management and/or those charged with governance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Written representations we are requesting from management and/or those charged with governance 	November 2020 Audit results report
Material inconsistencies or misstatements of fact identified in other information which management has refused to revise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Material inconsistencies or misstatements of fact identified in other information which management has refused to revise 	November 2020 Audit results report We have no matters to report
Auditors report	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any circumstances identified that affect the form and content of our auditor’s report 	November 2020 Audit results report
Fee Reporting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Breakdown of fee information when the audit planning report is agreed Breakdown of fee information at the completion of the audit Any non-audit work 	19 March 2020 Audit planning report November 2020 Audit results report

Management representation letter

Management Rep Letter

Ernst & Young
Grosvenor House
Grosvenor Square
Southampton
SO15 2BE

This letter of representations is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of Chichester District Council ("the Council") for the year ended 31 March 2020. We recognise that obtaining representations from us concerning the information contained in this letter is a significant procedure in enabling you to form an opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Council financial position of Chichester District Council as of 31 March 2020 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended in accordance with CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2019/20.

We understand that the purpose of your audit of our financial statements is to express an opinion thereon and that your audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK), which involves an examination of the accounting system, internal control and related data to the extent you considered necessary in the circumstances, and is not designed to identify - nor necessarily be expected to disclose - all fraud, shortages, errors and other irregularities, should any exist.

Accordingly, we make the following representations, which are true to the best of our knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves:

A. Financial Statements and Financial Records

1. We have fulfilled our responsibilities, under the relevant statutory authorities, for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 and CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2019/20.

2. We acknowledge, as members of management of the Council, our responsibility for the fair presentation of the financial statements. We believe the financial statements referred to above give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Council in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2019/20, and are free of material misstatements, including omissions. We have approved the financial statements.

3. The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are appropriately described in the financial statements.

4. As members of management of the Council, we believe that the Council has a system of internal controls adequate to enable the preparation of accurate financial statements in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2019/20, that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. We have disclosed to you any significant changes in our processes, controls, policies and procedures that we have made to address the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on our system of internal controls.

5. There are no unadjusted audit differences identified during the current audit and pertaining to the latest period presented.

B. Non-compliance with law and regulations, including fraud

1. We acknowledge that we are responsible to determine that the Council's activities are conducted in accordance with laws and regulations and that we are responsible to identify and address any non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.

2. We acknowledge that we are responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls to prevent and detect fraud.

3. We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.

Management representation letter

Management Rep Letter

4. We have no knowledge of any identified or suspected non-compliance with laws or regulations, including fraud that may have affected the Council (regardless of the source or form and including without limitation, any allegations by “whistleblowers”), including non-compliance matters:

- involving financial statements;
- related to laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the Council’s financial statements;
- related to laws and regulations that have an indirect effect on amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, but compliance with which may be fundamental to the operations of the Council’s activities, its ability to continue to operate, or to avoid material penalties;
- involving management, or employees who have significant roles in internal controls, or others; or
- in relation to any allegations of fraud, suspected fraud or other non-compliance with laws and regulations communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others.

C. Information Provided and Completeness of Information and Transactions

1. We have provided you with:

- Access to all information of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation of the financial statements such as records, documentation and other matters;
- Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit; and
- Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.

2. All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and all material transactions, events and conditions are reflected in the financial statements, including those related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

3. We have made available to you all minutes of the meetings of the Council and committees (or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared) held through the year to the most recent meeting on the following date: *[list date]*.

4. We confirm the completeness of information provided regarding the identification of related parties. We have disclosed to you the identity of the Council’s related parties and all related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware, including sales, purchases, loans, transfers of assets, liabilities and services, leasing arrangements, guarantees, non-monetary transactions and transactions for no consideration for the period ended, as well as related balances due to or from such parties at the year end. These transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in the financial statements.

5. We believe that the significant assumptions we used in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.

6. We have disclosed to you, and the Council has complied with, all aspects of contractual agreements that could have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of non-compliance, including all covenants, conditions or other requirements of all outstanding debt.

7. From 25 July 2019 through the date of this letter we have disclosed to you any unauthorized access to our information technology systems that either occurred or to the best of our knowledge is reasonably likely to have occurred based on our investigation, including of reports submitted to us by third parties (including regulatory agencies, law enforcement agencies and security consultants), to the extent that such unauthorized access to our information technology systems is reasonably likely to have a material impact to the financial statements, in each case or in the aggregate.

D. Liabilities and Contingencies

1. All liabilities and contingencies, including those associated with guarantees, whether written or oral, have been disclosed to you and are appropriately reflected in the financial statements.

2. We have informed you of all outstanding and possible litigation and claims, whether or not they have been discussed with legal counsel.

Management representation letter

Management Rep Letter

3. We have recorded and/or disclosed, as appropriate, all liabilities related to litigation and claims, both actual and contingent, and have disclosed in Note 30 to the financial statements all guarantees that we have given to third parties.

E. Subsequent Events

1. Other than described in Note 5 to the financial statements, there have been no events, including events related to the COVID-19 pandemic, subsequent to period end which require adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statements or notes thereto.

F. Other information

1. We acknowledge our responsibility for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the Narrative Report and the Annual Governance Statement.
2. We confirm that the content contained within the other information is consistent with the financial statements.

G. Comparative information – corresponding financial information

1. Following the District Council elections in May 2019 the Council's portfolios were reorganised. The Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement comparators for 2018/19 have been updated to reflect the changes in service responsibilities that fall under each of the new portfolio headings.
2. Note 25 Grant Income has been restated for 2018/19 to include the subsidy contribution the Council receives from the government towards its housing benefit expenditure which was omitted as the Council did not consider this to be grant income.
3. The comparative amounts have been correctly restated to reflect the above matters and appropriate note disclosure of these restatements have also been included in the current year's financial statements.

H. Ownership of Assets

1. Except for assets capitalised under finance leases, the Council has satisfactory title to all assets appearing in the balance sheet, and there are no liens or encumbrances on the Council's assets, nor has any asset been pledged as collateral. All assets to which the Council has satisfactory title appear in the balance sheet.
2. All agreements and options to buy back assets previously sold have been properly recorded and adequately disclosed in the financial statements.
3. We have no plans to abandon lines of product or other plans or intentions that will result in any excess or obsolete inventory, and no inventory is stated at an amount in excess of net realisable value.
4. There are no formal or informal compensating balance arrangements with any of our cash and investment accounts.

I. Reserves

1. We have properly recorded or disclosed in the financial statements the useable and unusable reserves.

J. Use of the Work of a Specialist - Actuary

1. We agree with the findings of the specialists that we engaged to evaluate the valuation of the net pension asset and have adequately considered the qualifications of the specialists in determining the amounts and disclosures included in the financial statements and the underlying accounting records. We did not give or cause any instructions to be given to the specialists with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and we are not otherwise aware of any matters that have had an effect on the independence or objectivity of the specialists.

Management representation letter

Management Rep Letter

K. Use of the Work of a Specialist – Property valuers

1. We agree with the findings of the specialists that we engaged to evaluate the valuation of the operational land and buildings and have adequately considered the qualifications of the specialists in determining the amounts and disclosures included in the financial statements and the underlying accounting records. We did not give or cause any instructions to be given to the specialists with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and we are not otherwise aware of any matters that have had an effect on the independence or objectivity of the specialists.

L. Estimate – NNDR appeals and other provisions

1. We believe that the measurement processes, including related assumptions and models, used to determine the accounting estimate has been consistently applied and are appropriate in the context of CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2019/20.

2. We confirm that the significant assumptions used in making the estimate of provisions (including the NNDR appeals provision) appropriately reflect our intent and ability to carry out providing services on behalf of the entity.

3. We confirm that the disclosures made in the financial statements with respect to the accounting estimate are complete, including the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and made in accordance with CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2019/20.

4. We confirm that no adjustments are required to the accounting estimate and disclosures in the financial statements due to subsequent events, including due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

M. Estimate – Valuation of Council land and buildings estimate

1. We believe that the measurement processes, including related assumptions and models, used to determine the accounting estimate has been consistently applied and are appropriate in the context of CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2019/20.

2. We confirm that the significant assumptions used in making the valuation of land and buildings estimate appropriately reflect our intent and ability to carry out providing services on behalf of the entity.

3. We confirm that the disclosures made in the financial statements with respect to the accounting estimate are complete, including the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and made in accordance with CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2019/20.

4. We confirm that no adjustments are required to the accounting estimate and disclosures in the financial statements due to subsequent events, including due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

N. Estimate – Pensions valuation estimate

1. We believe that the measurement processes, including related assumptions and models, used to determine the accounting estimate has been consistently applied and are appropriate in the context of CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2019/20.

2. We confirm that the significant assumptions used in making the pensions valuation estimate appropriately reflect our intent and ability to carry out providing services on behalf of the entity.

3. We confirm that the disclosures made in the financial statements with respect to the accounting estimate are complete, including the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and made in accordance with CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2019/20.

4. We confirm that no adjustments are required to the accounting estimate and disclosures in the financial statements due to subsequent events, including due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

O. Retirement benefits

1. On the basis of the process established by us and having made appropriate enquiries, we are satisfied that the actuarial assumptions underlying the scheme liabilities are consistent with our knowledge of the business. All significant retirement benefits and all settlements and curtailments have been identified and properly accounted for.

Management representation letter

Management Rep Letter

Yours faithfully,

(Director of Corporate Services)

(Chair of the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee)

Appendix C

Accounting and regulatory update

Future accounting developments

The following table provides a high level summary of the future accounting developments that have the potential to have the most significant impact on you:

Name	Summary of key measures 	Impact Chichester District Council 
IFRS 16	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> HM Treasury have agreed with the Financial Reporting Advisory Board (FRAB) to defer the implementation of IFRS 16 Leases until 1 April 2021. This is because of the circumstances caused by Covid-19. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Authority will need to undertake significant preparatory work for the implementation of this accounting standard. The Authority should review its implementation arrangements and ensure due consideration before the standard is implemented.

Regulatory update

Since the date of our last report to the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee, there have been a number of regulatory developments. The following table provides a high level summary of those that have the potential to have the most significant impact on you:

Name	Summary of key measures	Impact on Chichester District Council
Code of Audit Practice 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The updated Code of Audit Practice issued by the National Audit Office has introduced some significant changes to the requirements regarding auditors' work on the value for money conclusion, which will be applicable from 2020/21. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The NAO are currently updating the Auditor Guidance Notes which will set out how the new Code of Audit Practice should be applied when carrying out value for money work. As such, the impact remains to be confirmed. Further updates will be provided when possible.
Going Concern - ISA (UK) 570 (Revised September 2019)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The standard is effective for audits of financial statements for periods commencing on or after 15 December 2019, however EY expects to early-adopt the revised standard for all of our audits of periods ending on or after 30 June 2020. This auditing standard has been revised in response to enforcement cases and well-publicised corporate failures where the auditor's report failed to highlight concerns about the prospects of entities which collapsed shortly after. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Practice Note 10, which sets out how the auditing standards are applied in a public sector context, is currently being revised, including in light of the updated standard for Going Concern. As such, the impact is not clear at this stage. Further updates will be provided when possible.

Accounting and regulatory update

Name	Summary of key measures	Impact on Chichester District Council
Independence	<ul style="list-style-type: none">The Financial Reporting Council (FRC) published the Revised Ethical Standard 2019 in December and will be effective from 15 March 2020. A key change in the new Ethical Standard will be a general prohibition on the provision of non-audit services by the auditor (and its network) which will apply to companies that are UK Public Interest Entities (PIEs). This prohibition will also extend to any UK parent and apply to all worldwide subsidiaries. A narrow list of permitted services will continue to be allowed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">We will continue to monitor and assess all ongoing and proposed non-audit services and relationships to ensure they are permitted under the FRC Revised Ethical Standard 2019 which will be effective from 15 March 2020. Non-audit services which are in progress as at 15 March 2020 and are permitted under the existing ethical standard will be allowed to continue under the existing engagement terms until completed.

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